Reportable Diseases/Conditions in Florida

Practitioner List (Laboratory Requirements Differ)

Effective June 4, 2014

Did you know that you are required* to report certain diseases to your local county health department?

FDOH-Hillsborough Disease Reporting Telephone and Fax Numbers
HIV/AIDS -813.307.8011 (DO NOT FAX) STD -813.307.8022 Fax -813.307.8027
TB -813.307.8015 X4758 Fax -813.975.2014
All Others/Epidemiology -813.307.8010 Fax -813.276.2981
After Hours Reporting All Diseases -813.307.8000

! Report immediately 24/7 by phone upon initial suspicion or laboratory test order
☎ Report immediately 24/7 by phone
• Report next business day
+ Other reporting timeframe

Birth Defects — 850.245.4444 x2198

+ Congenital anomalies
+ Neonatal abstinence syndrome (NAS)

Cancer — Tumor Registry Database

+ Cancer, excluding non-melanoma skin cancer and including benign and borderline intracranial and CNS tumors

HIV/AIDS — 813.307.8011

+ Acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS)
+ Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection
• HIV, exposed infants <18 months old born to an HIV-infected woman

STDs — 813.307.8022

• Chancroid
• Chlamydia
• Conjunctivitis in neonates <14 days old
• Gonorrhea
• Granuloma inguinale
• Herpes simplex virus (HSV) in infants <60 days old with disseminated infection and liver involvement; encephalitis; and infections limited to skin, eyes, and mouth; anogenital HSV in children <12 years old
• Human papillomavirus (HPV), associated laryngeal papillomas or recurrent respiratory papillomatosis in children <6 years old; anogenital papillomas in children <12 years old
• Lymphogranuloma venereum (LGV)
• Syphilis
☎ Syphilis in pregnant women and neonates

Tuberculosis — 813.307.8015 x4758

• Tuberculosis (TB)

All Others — 813.307.8010

! Outbreaks of any disease, any case, cluster of cases, or exposure to an infectious or non-infectious disease, condition, or agent found in the general community or any defined setting (e.g., hospital, school, other institution) not listed that is of urgent public health significance
☎ Amebic encephalitis
! Anthrax
• Arsenic poisoning
• Arboviral diseases not otherwise listed
! Botulism, foodborne, wound, and unspecified
• Botulism, infant
! Brucellosis
• California serogroup virus disease
• Campylobacteriosis
• Carbon monoxide poisoning
• Chikungunya fever
☎ Chikungunya fever, locally acquired
! Cholera (*Vibrio cholerae* type O1)
• Ciguatera fish poisoning
• Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease (CJD)
• Cryptosporidiosis
• Cyclosporiasis
• Dengue fever
☎ Dengue fever, locally acquired
! Diphtheria
• Eastern equine encephalitis
• Ehrlichiosis/anaplasmosis
• *Escherichia coli* infection, Shiga toxin-producing
• Giardiasis, acute
! Glanders
! *Haemophilus influenzae* invasive disease in children <5 years old
• Hansen's disease (leprosy)
☎ Hantavirus infection
☎ Hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS)
☎ Hepatitis A
• Hepatitis B, C, D, E, and G
• Hepatitis B surface antigen in pregnant women or children <2 years old
☎ Herpes B virus, possible exposure
! Influenza A, novel or pandemic strains
☎ Influenza-associated pediatric mortality in children <18 years old
• Lead poisoning
• Legionellosis
• Leptospirosis
☎ Listeriosis
• Lyme disease
• Malaria
! Measles (rubeola)
! Melioidosis
• Meningitis, bacterial or mycotic
! Meningococcal disease
• Mercury poisoning
• Mumps
☎ Neurotoxic shellfish poisoning
☎ Pertussis
• Pesticide-related illness and injury, acute
! Plague
! Poliomyelitis
• Psittacosis (ornithosis)
• Q Fever
☎ Rabies, animal or human
! Rabies, possible exposure
! Ricin toxin poisoning
• Rocky Mountain spotted fever and other spotted fever rickettsioses
! Rubella
• St. Louis encephalitis
• Salmonellosis
• Saxitoxin poisoning (paralytic shellfish poisoning)
! Severe acute respiratory disease syndrome associated with coronavirus infection
• Shigellosis
! Smallpox
☎ Staphylococcal enterotoxin B poisoning
☎ *Staphylococcus aureus* infection, intermediate or full resistance to vancomycin (VISA, VRSA)
• *Streptococcus pneumoniae* invasive disease in children <6 years old
• Tetanus
• Trichinellosis (trichinosis)
! Tularemia
☎ Typhoid fever (*Salmonella* serotype Typhi)
! Typhus fever, epidemic
! Vaccinia disease
• Varicella (chickenpox)
! Venezuelan equine encephalitis
• Vibriosis (infections of *Vibrio* species and closely related organisms, excluding *Vibrio cholerae* type O1)
! Viral hemorrhagic fevers
• West Nile virus disease
! Yellow fever

*Section 381.0031 (2), *Florida Statutes* (*F.S.*), provides that "Any practitioner licensed in this state to practice medicine, osteopathic medicine, chiropractic medicine, naturopathy, or veterinary medicine; any hospital licensed under part I of chapter 395; or any laboratory licensed under chapter 483 that diagnoses or suspects the existence of a disease of public health significance shall immediately report the fact to the Department of Health." Florida's county health departments serve as the Department's representative in this reporting requirement. Furthermore, Section 381.0031 (4), *F.S.* provides that "The department shall periodically issue a list of infectious or noninfectious diseases determined by it to be a threat to public health and therefore of significance to public health and shall furnish a copy of the list to the practitioners…"